

Fair weather; variable winds.



The whole world looks forward to the coming of X-mas. For months we've been preparing for your X-mas trade. We can show you a

big variety of things that will make welcome presents to men and boys of all ages.

NOT

a foolish,

**EXTRA-
AGANT**

Or senseless article in the lot. Tomorrow we've a special display of children's Russian Blouse Suits and Overcoats. They are good to look at and then you may choose to adopt one of the American designs

AT THE**WHEN**

Vestibule windows.

BONDS

WE OFFER—
\$20,660 Anderson, Ind., Refunding.....4s
\$14,000 Knox County, Ind., Refunding.....4s
\$5,000 Irvington, Ind., Refunding.....4s
Belt R. R. Common Stock.
Indianapolis Fire Insurance Co. Stock.
Indiana Title Guaranty & Loan Co. Stock.
Price and particulars upon application.

CAMPBELL, WILD & CO.
205 Stevenson Building.**IDENTIFIED THE RAZOR****WITNESS IN THE MORRISON MURDER TRIAL AT ELDORADO.**

Weapon Admitted as Evidence—Olin Castle Was Not Placed on the Stand—Testimony of the Day.

ELDORADO, Kan., Dec. 1.—The razor with which Jessie Morrison is alleged to have cut Mrs. Castle's throat was identified in court today by Miss Clara Cowles, and the prosecution introduced it as evidence against the prisoner. Miss Cowles testified that she found the razor, which was blood-stained, on the floor near where Mrs. Castle lay. The defense objected to its introduction, but the court overruled the objection. The other witnesses testified that they had seen Miss Morrison with a knife or something similar in her hand after she had been taken from the Castle house by neighbors. Others testified that the prisoner had entered the house, apparently of her own accord, before the murder was committed. The defense, in its statement of the case, said it would show that Mrs. Castle called Miss Morrison into the house and then attacked her. Olin Castle was put on the stand to-night and gave important testimony. The courtroom today was crowded, as usual. The prisoner wore a few carnations, which had been given her.

Miss Clara Cowles, the first physician to reach the Castle house on the morning of the tragedy, testified that Mrs. Castle died from the effects of the cuts in her throat. Pearl Beardsley, a delivery boy who had arrived at the house with a package, said he helped Mrs. Spangler raise Miss Morrison from the floor, and heard her exclaim: "She tried to kill me; I had to do it."

"Miss Morrison," continued Beardsley, "had a knife in her hand, and when I asked her for it she grabbed her dress with her left hand and covered her right."

Miss Ruby Moberly, daughter of Mrs. Moberly, said she went to the Castle residence after her mother, and saw Jessie Morrison coming out of the house with a knife in her hand.

Mrs. Clara Cowles, who lived across the street from the Castles, told of seeing Beardsley enter the Castle house, of Mrs. Moberly and Mrs. Spangler coming out with Jessie Morrison, and of the latter struggling to get away. She corroborated the testimony in this respect given yesterday by Miss Moberly and Miss Spangler. Miss Cowles testified that she found a bloody razor near Mrs. Castle's knees. "I was the first to pick up the razor," she said. The razor was produced by Attorney Brumback and identified by witness, and the former said he wished to introduce it as evidence. The defense objected, but the objection was overruled. Several witnesses testified to seeing Miss Morrison going toward the Castle house the morning of the tragedy.

At 2 o'clock the jury was excused, while the lawyers argued the point of admitting as evidence the statement of Mrs. Moberly, that Mrs. Castle wrote a note after the tragedy containing the words: "Jessie Morrison has killed me."

Judge Shinn finally decided that Mrs. Moberly's statement of the contents of the note was competent evidence, and the

The Victim Thrown in Prison.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Emma Van Liew, who pleaded guilty to manslaughter at Van Wert yesterday, was delivered at the penitentiary this morning about 9 o'clock in a carriage, accompanied by Sheriff Webster and her husband, the latter being a special deputy by appointment of the court. The prisoner was put through the usual course at the prison female department, being shown no special favors, nor was application made for special consideration. The sheriff says that he spent the night with her here, and that the parting of husband and wife was touching.

Found Guilty of Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 1.—George M. Weingard, of Topeka, Kan., traveling salesman for a whisky house, was today found guilty of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment for the killing of W. A. Simpson last April and was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Simpson was killed in a quarrel over the former's attentions to Mrs. Simpson.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Judge Speer Speaks Them at a Banquet Table in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 1.—The annual banquet of the Chi Phi fraternity was held here to-night. Prominent members of the society were present from many parts of the country. Judge Emory Speer, of the United States District Court, was the principal speaker. His subject was "The Student in Politics." Judge Speer condemned sectionalism and spoke of the position of the South as it is today in national politics. He said in part: "Externally we strive until we regain the high plane of normal constitutional American politics. Who can estimate the intellectual and political degeneracy which is threatening the youth of the Southern States by habitual departure from that lofty principle, the sovereignty of the individual, which is the basis of American government?"

"What sentient Georgian was there who did not blush with shame when a delegate from this State arose in a recent national convention and avowed that he came from a State which would support any candidate the convention might choose, nominated upon any platform the convention might adopt. What, then, is the one thing needful to restore and make permanent normal political methods in the Southern States? It is a vital inquiry. For nearly a third of a century the white men of the South have surrendered their political convictions for fear of the spook of negro domination. The negro will never dominate this white man's Great South as he does when unscrupulous men have used the votes of ignorant or corruptible members of the race in municipal or other local elections. This is where the danger lies."

"But concede that negro domination is of real and not imaginary portent. The easy and the obvious remedy is at hand. We have but to adopt a fair and just qualification to the right of suffrage and honestly enforce the same with equal hands. Then we will witness the disappearance from our system of the ignorant, unworthy and corruptible voter, black and white as well. We should resort to no questionable expedient. We should accord to ignorance or worthlessness of whatever color no hereditary right to the privileges of elector."

POISON IN THE BEER**ARSENIC IN THE DRINK THAT IS FURNISHED TO BRITONS.**

Nearly Seventy Deaths and One Thousand Cases of Sickness caused by Careless Brewers.

DISEASE LIKE BERT-BERT**DRINKERS OF THE BEER ATTACKED BY PERIPHERAL NEURITIS.**

More Crimes by the "Hooligans" of London's White Chapel District—General Foreign News.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The beer-poisoning epidemic at Manchester, which has so worked up the north of England, has now spread to London. The County Council announces it is taking active measures to protect the community. The workingman now empties his pewter pint with more or less fear and trembling, and analysts are busy day and night on samples of the glucose and saccharine used so extensively by the brewers. Many of these have been found to contain arsenic. In the Manchester and Liverpool districts there are already more than thousand patients, and there have been nearly seventy deaths due to a particularly bad lot of glucose supplies to favorite local brewers, which caused peripheral neuritis very similar to beri-beri. As a result of the agitation the use of glucose will probably be restricted by legislation.

It is suggested that the mystery in the Maybrick case might have been solved had the facts now made public in regard to the arsenic in beer been known at the time of the trial.

Didn't Relish Choate's Humor.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, Thursday evening at the Thanksgiving dinner given at the Hotel Cecil, under the auspices of the American Society in London, referred facetiously to "Long-eared" reporters, which has evidently not been considered by the English press to be as humorous as intended, for the papers dismiss the speech with a few lines. The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Mr. Choate was naturally jubilant last night, as Americans always are on Thanksgiving day. There is no false modesty about them. They have not written their 'recessional' yet, and if any poet were to obligate them with one unasked they would promptly put it in the fire. A great people, a young people, an unexpanding people, that call for a new order of the sort of a young people can heartily enjoy Thanksgiving day."

Anglo-American Relations.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—John H. Heaton, M. P. for Canterbury, has commenced a series of articles in the Observer on Anglo-American relations, in which he pleads for a union of the two countries as a combination of moral and material forces that no power in the world could overcome. He explains that by union he means such identity of interests and policy as unites England and her colonies. He asserts that an unimpaired alliance already exists in the form of an institution of mutual attraction of two kindred peoples, one unassailable, the other invulnerable. He says, accounts for the happy issue of more than one crisis in recent years and represents the fairest hope of humanity.

Scotch Churches at War.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—There was an extraordinary incident in Whiting Bay, Arran, yesterday evening, connected with the recent union of the Scottish churches. A number of anti-unionists attempted to forcibly take possession of the local church and the officials barricaded the doors, whereupon a number of other assaults by the church and tried to force an entry by way of the roof. They then broke through a window, defended the roof, and the church was left in ruins. The police were called to the scene and the church was left in ruins.

The forthcoming legal proceedings by the remnant of the free churches opposing the union there will be two thousand defendants, including all the ministers and trustees of the United Free Church.**"Hooliganism" in London.**

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The recent increased activity of the police here against "Hooliganism" in White Chapel has been speedily followed by a revengeful murder. Early today Constable Thompson attempted to disperse a band of "Hooligans" when one of the latter turned and stabbed him to death. Thompson was closely connected with the search for the perpetrators of the "Jack-the-Ripper" murders.

Another band of armed "Hooligans" shot a woman in the Lime House district last night, and a number of other assaults by the rowdies have been chronicled. Inhabitants of the East End of London are becoming more and more alarmed by the frequency of the outrages.**W. W. Astor's Strong Box.**

LONDON, Dec. 1.—William Waldorf Astor, who is the owner of one of the most beautiful office buildings in London, has just had constructed at a safety deposit vault a special chamber at cost of \$5000. It is currently reported to be full of securities and documents representing a fabulous amount, which, it is added, "never ceases to cause the admiration of even the company's officials." It is expected that it will handle the wealth of British millionaires.

Duelist Wounded.

FONTAINEBLEAU, Dec. 1.—Captain Coblenz, who, on Nov. 17, fought a duel with words with a brother-in-law of Turfman M. Lebaudy, this afternoon, fought another duel with an artillery officer, Captain Gillot, in consequence of a dispute arising out of the unpopularity of Captain Coblenz in the army. Captain Gillot was wounded in the chest.

Winston Churchill Coming.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 1.—The Cunard line steamer Lucania, which sailed from here for New York to-day, had on board Hadden Chamberlain, the American ambassador, and Spencer Churchill, who is to lecture in America.

Two Arbiters Appointed.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 1.—Oliverson, a Swede, formerly assessor of the High Court, and Gran, a Norweger, formerly a minister of state, have been appointed members of the International Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

Boundary Dispute Award.

BERNE, Dec. 1.—The award of the Swiss government in the Franco-Brazilian boundary dispute gives Brazil 117,000 square miles of the contested territory. France gets about 3,000 square miles north of the Tuncu Humu range.

Our "Ad" Harris in Paris.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Mr. A. C. Harris, United States minister to Vienna, has arrived here. He will start to return to his post next Monday.

Cable Notes.

Owing to rains which have recently fallen the Tiber has flooded the country near its mouth. The city of Rome, however, is not menaced. Only the lowest portions being inundated, but the river is still rising.

Yesterday's elections in Peru passed off without disturbance. The result was favorable to the electoral coalition, in the list

of whose candidates appear the names of some of the most respected citizens of Lima.

DIAZ AGAIN PRESIDENT.

Aged Executive of Mexico Renews His Oath of Office.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 1.—President Diaz, escorted by his military staff and Presidential Guards, left his house at 9 o'clock this morning, and, passing through streets lined with troops, went to the hall of the House of Representatives, where he took the oath as President of the republic for the next four years. When he entered the Chamber of Deputies all arose, and he took his stand in front of the speaker of the House, who asked him if he promised to observe and comply with the precepts of the Constitution. The President answered in the affirmative, and the speaker said: "If you shall do so, may the nation reward you, and if you do not, may it call you to account."

This constituted the simple ceremonies of affirmation. The President then drove, with his staff and escort, accompanied by all his cabinet ministers, to the national palace, where he received the congratulations of the diplomatic corps, foremost among whom was General Gaitanar, the American ambassador, who, by his rank, takes precedence in matters of diplomatic protocol.

The President then stood on the central balcony of the palace, surrounded by a military throng, and, in the presence of a provision of peace, made up of all the military and naval forces, and of all the diplomatic corps, he received the congratulations of the diplomatic corps, foremost among whom was General Gaitanar, the American ambassador, who, by his rank, takes precedence in matters of diplomatic protocol.

BEFORE THE REICHSTAG**MEASURES WHICH WILL BE URGED BY THE CENTRISTS THIS WEEK.****Another Blow by Germans at American Meats—Undervaluation of Henrietta Cloth at Coburg.**

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—During the coming week several Centrist bills will come up in the Reichstag. Among them, Monday, will be a bill demanding that the government take steps to provide against a coal famine and prepare measures restricting trusts and syndicates. Wednesday Herr Lieber's so-called "tolerance bill," intended to give Catholics and other religious minorities wider liberty of worship, will be introduced in the Reichstag, and the government will introduce the law on the pensioning of the disabled. The bill on the pensioning of the disabled will increase pensions from 40 to 70 per cent. of the younger army officers to an even 100 marks per month.

Trade in American meats is more and more restricted throughout Germany. A striking case has developed at Beyer, where a large business firm, that of Beyer, has been ruined by the authorities of the principality of Reuss forbidding the official examination of his American meats. Yet Beyer was unable to sell them without a certificate of inspection.**A quinquennial census of the empire began this noon. The items are age, business, sex, descent, religion, etc. In Europe, this is the first time that a census has been taken, mother tongue, birthplace and deformities.****Special United States Treasury Agent Partello has investigated several cases of undervaluation in Coburg this week. Herr Otto Boesnick, of Glauchau, the largest manufacturer of Henrietta cloth in the world, who exported 100,000 to 120,000 marks' worth of his goods to the United States, was found to have undervalued them systematically, upon which American exports greatly declined, has submitted to Baron Von Richtofen, the secretary of the American consulate here, a protest on the subject and is also agitating in the Reichstag a retaliatory tariff against the German goods which he exports.****The German ambassador to the United States, who is expected to present protests in connection with the Boesnick case.****An American electrical engineer named Murray, who was mixed up in the "Innocent Club" trial as a victim, is the husband of the American prima donna Nikita. Murray represented here an American pump company. Both Murray and his wife have disappeared. It is supposed they are in the hands of the "Hooligans" and are being held for ransom.****Mrs. White, wife of the United States ambassador, lectured this afternoon at the American Women Club, on the island of Foch, where she spent the summer, and, on Fochian customs and antiquities there.****The American Duke of Loubat has donated to the Berlin Museum of Ethnology a valuable collection of Central American antiquities.****Count Von Buelow, the imperial chancellor, receiving a deputation from the Chamber of Agriculture to-day, assured his visitors that the legitimate wishes of the agriculturists would be fully considered in the future customs tariff scheme, "so far as compatible with the economic and general interests of the country."****JEFFRIES TO WED.****Champion Fugilist and Dorothy Drew Are Reported Engaged.**

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 1.—James J. Jeffries, it is reported, will soon marry Dorothy Drew, the comedienne, who is appearing in vaudeville in this city.

Mrs. Drew accepted congratulations last night and was entertained at dinner by several friends, but to interview she dodged a direct answer to the query about her engagement. She told questioners to "ask Jim about it." But she told friends that she was not going to wed.

Jeffries made a flying trip from New York Thursday night. He came up on the midnight train and returned to the metropolis early last evening. He, too, accepted congratulations, but declined to talk for publication. He admitted having long had fondness for Dorothy Drew. "When we were married?" Ask the lady," said he in response to queries.

Strike of Linemen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—The linemen employed by the various telegraph and telephone companies on this coast struck today for increased wages and a shorter workday and for recognition of their union. Several hundred men are out. A number of concerns have agreed to the demands of the strikers. It is expected that the number of strikers in this city will be in the neighborhood of 200. Good order prevails.

National W. C. T. U.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The general executive committee of the National W. C. T. U. devoted today's session to the reading of state reports and to the drawing of seats for delegates to the congress.

Pile and Flatula Cure.

Sample treatment of our Red Cross Pile and Flatula Cure and book explaining cause and cure of piles sent free to any address by mail. DR. BEA & CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOOD SORELY NEEDED**CROPS IN GUAM DESTROYED AND STORM SUFFERERS IN WANT.**

Palace and Government Buildings Wrecked by the Most Severe Typhoon in Forty Years.

ARRIVAL OF THE THOMAS**BODY OF COLONEL LISUM ON BOARD THE TRANSPORT.**

Philippines Flocking to Europe, but Not Planning Another Campaign, According to One of the Junta.

MANILA, Dec. 1.—Rear Admiral Remy in his official report of the recent typhoon which visited the island of Guam states that the storm was the severest in forty years. The palace at Agaña and the government buildings were unroofed and wrecked. The sea reached the plaza. Many of the homeless sought refuge in the school and jail. No one is reported to have been killed at Agaña, but the mortality caused by the recent epidemic of the grip has been much increased by exposure, most of the dwellings having been destroyed. The town of Marajon was leveled and twenty-eight persons were killed. Several persons were killed in various small villages and several small coasters are missing. No reports have been received from some localities. Coconut trees and all crops are destroyed and food is being distributed to the sufferers.

Admiral Remy has ordered the Arethusa from Cavite with food supplies. Flour, corn and meats are needed and it is suggested that contributions be sent from the United States. The Butrus, from Cavite, and the Solon, from Hongkong, during the typhoon recently, will relieve immediate needs.

The ponding of the Yosemite on the reef broke and twisted her propeller and she was abandoned, and sank Nov. 18. The flagship Newark has gone to investigate the disaster.

Lieutenant Colonel Manell C. Goodrell, commanding the Sixth Marine Battalion, with 100 men, had been sent to Subic to relieve troops there. He will leave tomorrow. The rebels in that vicinity have been active of late.

Director of Posts Valle sailed on the United States transport Grant.

A detachment of the Twenty-fifth Infantry in the mountains near the town of Camp of the guerrilla leader Joaquin for several days. Suspended from the trees near the camp were bodies of three Amigos, and proof was found that the rebels had tortured other captives.

One thousand two hundred bolomen entered Vigan, Island of Luzon, yesterday afternoon and surrendered to Capt. Green, of the Thirty-third Infantry. This is the largest number of bolomen who have surrendered in Luzon at one time. Gen. Tinto has been keeping a swarm of bolomen along the mountains and they have impoverished the food supply.

PHILIPINOS IN EUROPE.**Many Fugitives Now in London and Paris—No New Campaign.**

LONDON, Dec. 1.—There is a notable incursion of Filipinos into London and Paris. The report, subsequently denied, that Aguinaldo was in London, has caused the British government to take steps to prevent the reorganization of the Filipino transport service and to resupply the Filipinos with munitions of war has given rise to the belief that the Filipinos in Europe are contemplating a new campaign. A representative of the Associated Press has interviewed one of the most prominent members of the European Junta, who has just returned from Paris and Madrid. He said: "We are planning no new campaign. There is no reason why Aguinaldo should go to Hongkong to give the Filipinos a further opportunity of raising arms. The fact that Aguinaldo has just landed in London shows he intends to remain there and watch events. The reports of our committee in London, Yokohama, Macao, Batavia, Hongkong and other ports, show they are all working well. This is also evidenced by the fact that ten thousand rifles were smuggled into Manila last month. There was no nearer an end than ever. The Filipino resources are still great, as can be judged by the fact that 3,000 Spanish prisoners. We are deeply disappointed at the rejection of our proposal. Although our agents in the United States never let us to believe that Mr. Bryan would actually help us, yet we relied upon the fact that he would not do so. We are still anxious to come to an understanding, and there are indications that Mr. McKinley favors a compromise. It is clear that Judge Taft goes beyond his instructions and that Mr. McKim is not to be trusted. We are now waiting for the result of the greater concessions than Judge Taft has made. A large number of Filipinos are flocking to European countries. At least sixty are now in London, but only a few in Paris. From new propaganda. The Junta is content to wait until the Americans are tired of the struggle and weary of the death and sickness. We hope and believe better times are in store."

COLONEL LISUM'S BODY.**It Is Aboard the Transport Thomas, Now at San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—The remains of Colonel Lisum, who fell at the head of the American troops before the walls of Tien-Tsin, arrived here this afternoon on the transport Thomas. The body will lie on the Thomas until Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning, when it will be taken under military escort to the train which will carry it to the national cemetery at Arlington for interment. Mrs. Lisum accompanies the body of her husband. Among the cabin passengers on the Thomas were Maj. J. A. Hull, son of Congressman Hull; Col. Webb Hayes and Lieut. Col. Jesse M. Lee. Major Hull has been assigned to the judge advocate's office on General Shafter's staff. The Thomas also brought forty-two army prisoners, eight insane and between seventy and eighty dead.

The Meade Sails for Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—The transport Meade sailed today for Manila, via Honolulu and Guam, with a large number of cabin passengers, 194 recruits and thirty-five members of the hospital corps. There is also a big cargo of freight, including many Christmas packages for the soldiers in the Philippines. The cabin passengers include officers returning to duty and the wives and children of officers now in the Philippines. There are also a number of civil employees of the government on board.

Beer for the Philippines.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 1.—The outgoing steamship Empress of China, which sails from this port for the Orient on Monday, will carry a record-breaking cargo of beer for the Philippines. Fifty thousand barrels, brought hither in seventy-five trains, are consigned to Manila.

The Short Line Restrained.

MANCHESTER, Dec. 1.—A fight to-day between a force of graders of the Manchester Short Line and 200 section men of the Pennsylvania Railroad, caused by the Short Line attempting to grade on the Pennsylvania right of way, caused the Pennsylvania to get out an injunction against the Short Line in retaliation. The Pennsylvania got out last night against the Pennsylvania. A number of fights occurred between the Short Line men and the Pennsylvania section men.

The New House Coats and Bath Robes
Washington and Pennsylvania Streets.

You know how long we have been headquarters for these luxurious commodities — and why. We have made it a point of study. We don't take what is already made; but have made to our special order those unique and rich effects. We have them made by tailors, and as tailors we inspect them. They are finished garments—fitting garments when, as now, we invite you to inspect the new line. We needn't tell any wife that there's not a more appropriate gift she can make her husband, nor one he will more highly appreciate, than either a Smoking Jacket, a House Coat, or a Bath Blanket. The assortment is largest now—because of their popularity for Christmas gifts.

You run no risk in guessing at the size, for should an exchange be necessary—the permanency of this feature of our stock insures its being satisfactorily accomplished. It's not a side line with us. Last Christmas we reached the high-water mark of selling. We've taken heed of that—and provided even more liberally now than we did then. A better assortment of styles and better values, we think, too. Selections intended for Christmas presentation may be made now, and we will take charge of the coat or robe and hold it for delivery until such time as you may direct. Thereby you have the benefit of the full variety from which to make choice.

HOUSE COATS.....\$3.98 to \$20
BATH BLANKETS.....\$3.50 to \$15

These prices do not mean anything until you consider the qualities they control. Then they mean everything.

SAKS & COMPANY,

Indiana's Largest Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

AID FOR BOER FARMERS**RAILROADS WILL TRANSPORT THEM FREE TO THE WEST.**

About 750 Already at Lourenzo Marques, Waiting for Ships to America—Government Helps the Work.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Last June an interview with Mr. Reitz, Transvaal secretary of state, was called to this city, in which the secretary said that the Boers would fight for their liberty as long as there was any hope of gaining it. He would never surrender to Great Britain or become a part of the British empire; soon or late that most of the Boer farmers would emigrate with their families to the United States.

The publication of this interview in the New York World brought spontaneous expressions from the Governors of several States, including Arkansas, Colorado, South Dakota, Wyoming and Montana, who called attention to the millions of acres of unoccupied public lands in the States which were still open under the homestead laws to actual settlers, who could obtain 160 acres free, on their arrival, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States. Five years of occupancy of the land and actual cultivation thereof only were required to complete the title.

In connection with this movement Third Assistant Secretary of State Thomas W. Grider has sent to this city a copy of the following dispatch from Lourenzo Marques, South Africa, under date of Nov. 27, to the secretary of state at Washington:

"Please advise New York World that a number of Boer families here, maximum 60 men, 150 women and children, contemplate emigrating to United States, and ask the New York World if officers could be sent to the office of the secretary of state to see Mr. Kruger, sent in my care, June 1, still holds good. Also inquire what further assistance can be given these people. Passage provided here. Reply prepaid."

"HOLLIS, United States Consul."

Since receiving the dispatch from Consul Hollis, through the State Department, the officers of Western railways owning land grants have been asked what special advantages, if any, would be offered to Boer immigrants if they came. Prompt responses were received, among others from the Atchafalaya, Santa Fe, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and St. Louis & San Francisco and from the Northern Pacific Railway. The latter offers to grant to the Boer immigrants free of charge the transport over their lines free of charge the Boer immigrants and their families and household goods if they come here as a result of their message to the State Department.

IMPORTANT PARDON RULING.**Court Holds Commutation Cannot Be Withdrawn When Once Recorded.**

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Dec. 1.—Judge Hassell, in the Circuit Court to-night released W. J. Ray, a Christian county prisoner, on a writ habeas corpus. The decision is important as a precedent because it holds that the Governor cannot recall a pardon after it has been recorded in the office of the secretary of state. Ray was serving a term of years in the penitentiary for murder in the second degree. Governor Stephens issued a commutation releasing him and after it had been recorded in the office of the secretary of state he called it and it was never delivered to the prisoner. Judge Hassell holds that the delivery assistance can be given these people. Passage provided here. Reply prepaid."

The Kaiser May Elude Kruger.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—An official of the Foreign Office informed a correspondent of the Associated Press to-day that it was notified late yesterday evening that Mr. Kruger will arrive here Tuesday. The official admitted that Emperor William's traveling plans may prevent him from seeing Mr. Kruger.

Will Be No Furor in Berlin.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—A special dispatch from Berlin says: "Mr. Kruger has been advised that Count Von Buelow (the imperial chancellor) will only exchange formal visits with him, that public demonstrations will be suppressed, and that the proposed municipal banquets will be abandoned. While there is much sympathy and curiosity to see Mr. Kruger, there is no chance of such a furor as occurred at Marseilles and Paris."

“77”

New edition Dr. Humphreys' Manual, 144 pages, on the care and treatment of the sick in all ailments, mailed free, fits the vest pocket.

COLDS

When the Chills run down your back, take "77" and the Cold will stop right there.

When you commence to sneeze, take "77" and that will end the Cold.

When you begin to Cough, take "77" and that ends it.

When you feel that you are taking Cold, take "77" at once.

If you have a Cold that hangs on—Grip—take "77" and break it up.

At druggists, etc.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Company, corner William and John streets, New York.